COPY



THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

PRESIDENTIAL REGULATION OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

NUMBER 7 OF 2021

CONCERNING

THE 2020-2024 NATIONAL ACTION PLAN FOR PREVENTING AND COUNTERING VIOLENT EXTREMISM THAT LEADS TO TERRORISM

BY THE GRACE OF GOD ALMIGHTY THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,

- Considering : a. that along with the increasing threat of violent extremism that leads to terrorism in Indonesia, it has created a precarious state that threatens the right to sense of security and the stability of national security;
 - b. that in order to prevent and counter violent extremism that leads to terrorism, a comprehensive strategy is needed to ensure systematic, planned and integrated steps involving the active role of all stakeholders;
 - c. that based on the considerations as referred to in letters a and b, it is necessary to stipulate a Presidential Regulation concerning the National Action Plan for the Preventing and Countering Violent Extremism That Leads to Terrorism for 2020-2024;



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- In view of : 1. Article 4 paragraph (1) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia;
 - 2. Law Number 15 of 2003 concerning Stipulation of Government Regulations in Lieu of Law Number 1 of 2002 concerning the Eradication of Criminal Acts of Terrorism to Become a Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2003 Number 45, (Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4284) as amended by Law Number 5 of 2018 concerning Amendments to Law Number 15 of 2003 concerning Stipulation of Government Regulations in Lieu of Law Number 1 of 2002 concerning Eradication of Criminal Acts of Terrorism to Become a Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2018 Number 92, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6216);

HAS DECIDED:

To Enact : PRESIDENTIAL REGULATION CONCERNING THE 2020-2024 NATIONAL ACTION PLAN FOR PREVENTING AND COUNTERING VIOLENT EXTREMISM THAT LEADS TO TERRORISM.



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Article 1

In this Presidential Regulation:

- 1. Preventing and Countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, hereinafter referred to as PCVE, is an effort carried out in a systematic, planned and integrated manner in order to prevent and counter violent extremism that leads to terrorism.
- 2. Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism is a belief and/or action that uses violent means or threats of extreme violence with the aim of supporting or committing acts of terrorism.
- 3. Terrorism is an act which uses violence or threats of violence which causes widespread atmosphere of terror or fear, which potentially causes mass victims, and/or causes damages or destructions to strategic vital objects, environment, public facilities, or international facilities with ideological, political, or security disturbance motives.
- 4. The National Action Plan for Preventing and Countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, hereinafter referred to as the NAP on PCVE, is a series of activities carried out in a systematic and planned manner to prevent and counter Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism which is used as a reference for ministries, agencies and local governments in preventing and countering violent extremism that leads to terrorism.



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- 5. Actions to Prevent and Counter Violent Extremism that Lead to Terrorism, hereinafter referred to as PCVE Actions, are activities or programs as further elaboration of the NAP on PCVE to be carried out by ministries, agencies and local governments.
- 6. The Joint Secretariat of NAP on PCVE is the Implementing Unit for NAP on PCVE established to coordinate, monitor and evaluate the implementation of NAP on PCVE in ministries, agencies and local governments.

Article 2

- With this Presidential Regulation, the 2020-2024 NAP on PCVE is stipulated.
- (2) The NAP on PCVE aims to increase the protection of the right of citizens to the sense of security against violent extremism that leads to terrorism, as part of the implementation of state obligations towards human rights in order to maintain national security stability based on Pancasila and the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia.

- The NAP on PCVE as referred to in Article 2 contains:
 a. Preface; and
 - b. the 2020-2024 NAP on PCVE strategy.
- (2) The NAP on PCVE as referred to in paragraph (1) is contained in the Appendix which is an integral part of



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this Presidential Regulation.

- (3) The NAP on PCVE strategy as referred to in paragraph(1) letter b is equipped with the PCVE Actions.
- (4) The 2020 NAP on PCVE has been implemented in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 4

- (2) The ministers and the heads of the agencies are responsible for the implementation of the NAP on PCVE in accordance with their respective authorities based on the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (3) Governors and regents/mayors are responsible for the implementation of the NAP on PCVE in their respective regions in coordination with the ministries that carry out domestic government affairs in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

- (1) With this Presidential Regulation, the Joint Secretariat of the NAP on PCVE is thus established.
- (2) The Joint Secretariat of the NAP on PCVE as referred to in paragraph (1) consists of the following elements:
 - a. the ministry which coordinates, synchronizes and controls ministerial affairs in the administration of political, legal and security affairs;
 - b. the ministry which coordinates, synchronizes and controls ministerial affairs in the administration of governance in the field of human development and culture;



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- c. the ministry that organizes government affairs in the field of national development planning;
- d. the ministry that organizes domestic government affairs;
- e. the ministry that organizes government affairs in the field of foreign affairs; and
- f. the agency that organizes counter-terrorism affairs.
- (3) The Joint Secretariat of the NAP on PCVE as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be led and coordinated by the head of the agency in charge of counter-terrorism affairs.

Article 6

In implementing the PCVE Actions as referred to in Article 3 paragraph (3), the Joint Secretariat of the NAP on PCVE may add and/or adjust the PCVE Actions according to the conditions and needs, which are stipulated by means of a regulation of the agency in charge of counter-terrorism affairs.

- The Joint Secretariat of the NAP on PCVE as referred to in Article 5 has the following duties:
 - a. coordinating, monitoring, and evaluating the implementation of the NAP on PCVE in ministries/agencies;
 - compiling reports submitted by ministries/agencies and local governments in the implementation of the NAP on PCVE; and



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- c. formulating and preparing reports on the achievements and evaluation of the implementation of the NAP on PCVE.
- (2) The report as referred to in paragraph (1) letter c shall be submitted by the head of the agency in charge of counter-terrorism affairs to the President at least once a year and/or whenever necessary.
- (3) The report on the achievements and the results of the evaluation of the implementation of the NAP on PCVE as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be published as a form of public accountability.

Article 8

In implementing the NAP on PCVE, ministries, agencies and local governments may collaborate and involve the participation of society.

- The Minister and the head of the agency as referred to in Article 4 paragraph (1) shall convey the progress of the achievement of the implementation of the NAP on PCVE to the Joint Secretariat of the NAP on PCVE periodically every 6 (six) months.
- (2) Governors and regents/mayors as referred to in Article 4 paragraph (2) shall convey the progress of the achievement of the implementation of the NAP on PCVE through the ministry which organizes domestic government affairs periodically every 6 (six) months.
- (3) The ministry that organizes domestic government



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affairs shall submit the compilation of the achievements of the implementation of the NAP on PCVE in the regions as referred to in paragraph (2) to the Joint Secretariat of the NAP on PCVE periodically every 6 (six) months.

(4) The Joint Secretariat of the NAP on PCVE shall collect the progress on the implementation of the NAP on PCVE as referred to in paragraph (1), paragraph (2), and paragraph (3) as material for formulating and preparing reports on the implementation of the NAP on PCVE.

Article 10

- In coordinating the implementation of the NAP on PCVE, the Joint Secretariat of the NAP on PCVE shall hold a meeting at least every 6 (six) months.
- (2) The procedures for the coordination, monitoring, evaluation and reporting of the implementation of the NAP on PCVE shall be prepared by the Joint Secretariat of the NAP on PCVE, which are stipulated by the head of the agency in charge of counterterrorism affairs.

Article 11

Funding for NAP on PCVE is sourced from:

- a. State budget;
- b. regional budget; and/or
- **C.** other legitimate and non-binding sources in accordance with the provisions of the laws and regulations.



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Article 12

This Presidential Regulation comes into force on the date of promulgation.

For public cognizance, this Presidential Regulation shall be promulgated by placing it in the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia.

> Stipulated in Jakarta on January 6th, 2021 PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,

> > sign

JOKO WIDODO

Promulgated in Jakarta on January 7th, 2021 MINISTER OF LAW AND HUMAN RIGHTS OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,

sign

YASONNA H. LAOLY

STATE GAZETTE OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA NUMBER 9 OF 2021

This copy conforms to the original THE MINISTRY OF STATE SECRETARIAT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA Deputy for Law and Legislation

sign and stamp

Lydia Silvanna Djaman



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APPENDIX PRESIDENTIAL REGULATION OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA NUMBER 7 OF 2021 CONCERNING THE 2020-2024 NATIONAL ACTION PLAN FOR PREVENTING AND COUNTERING VIOLENT EXTREMISM THAT LEADS TO TERRORISM

CHAPTER I INTRODUCTION

A. BACKGROUND

The commitment of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia in countering terrorism is an important part of the mandate of Pancasila, as a way of life as well as the ultimate source of law. This is also part of the effort to achieve the goals of the State, mainly to protect the whole people of Indonesia and the entire homeland of Indonesia, as well as contribute to the implementation of a world order, as confirmed in the Preamble to the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia. In particular, Article 28G paragraph (1) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia has affirmed that everyone "has the right to feel secure and to be protected against threats from fear." Furthermore, this commitment has been institutionalized through Law Number 15 of 2003 concerning the Stipulation of Government Regulations in Lieu of Law Number 1 of 2002 concerning the Eradication of Criminal Acts of Terrorism to Become a Law, as amended by Law Number 5 of 2018 concerning Amendments to Law Number 15 of 2003 concerning Stipulation of Government Regulations in Lieu of Law Number 1 of 2002 concerning the Eradication of Criminal Acts of Terrorism to Become a Law..

The development of terrorism as a global threat is directly proportional to the increase in situations that enable the emergence of violent extremism. This condition is exacerbated by the ease with which



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terrorist groups spread their ideology, through various means of communication, both face-to-face meetings (offline) and information and communication technology-based instruments, especially the internet (online). This method has proven to be effective in disseminating propaganda and extreme ideology aimed at influencing the public to sympathize and support acts of terrorism. These terrorist groups have even been actively and continuously recruiting, with the target of Indonesian citizens, to participate in violent extremism activities that lead to terrorism, and to be involved in acts of terror, including the recruitment and engagement of women and children.

This action plan aims to deal with the drivers of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, namely (1) conducive conditions and structural context; and (2) the radicalization process. Conducive conditions and structural context as driving factors include economic inequality, marginalization and discrimination, poor governance, human rights violations and weak law enforcement, prolonged conflicts, and radicalization within prisons. Meanwhile, the radicalization process is broken into several factors, namely individual background and motivation, victimization, and collective grievances, as well as distortion of certain understandings (rooted in beliefs, political ideology, ethnic and cultural differences, social networks, and leadership).

Violent extremism that leads to terrorism can be interpreted as beliefs and/or actions that use violent means or threats of extreme violence with the aim of supporting or committing acts of terrorism. Furthermore, preventing and countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism are efforts carried out in a systematic, planned and integrated manner to prevent and countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.

As a strategy to respond to problems related to Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, a National Action Plan for Preventing and Countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism (NAP on PCVE) is thus imperative. The NAP on PCVE is expected to be a guide in overcoming



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the drivers of violent extremism, particularly those that lead to criminal acts of terrorism in Indonesia. The NAP on PCVE complements the various laws and regulations related to the eradication of the criminal act of terrorism. It functions as a coordinating guide for ministries and institutions, in synergy to jointly increase resilience, tackle violent extremism, and prevent Terrorism.

The NAP on PCVE is one of the efforts to counter terrorism that puts forward a soft approach in tackling Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism. The action plan contained in the NAP on PCVE is a series of coordinated programs that will be implemented by various relevant ministries/agencies to mitigate violent extremism. In this regard, the NAP on PCVE complements various national laws and regulations related to the criminal act of terrorism.

The need for a comprehensive approach in countering Terrorism reaffirms the importance of formulating a national action plan that is able to harmonize the roles and functions of each ministry/agency in tackling Violent-Based Extremism that Leads to Terrorism. In response to this need, the NAP on PCVE contains measures to tackle Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism. The NAP on PCVE not only targets the driving factors, but also aims at building community resilience in general, in countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.

The process of formulating this action plan has involved various relevant stakeholders, both from ministries/agencies and civil society. Thus, it is expected that the NAP on PCVE will become the main reference for the implementation of countermeasures against Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism by each relevant ministry/agency. The formulation and implementation of the NAP on PCVE emphasizes the involvement of the whole of government and the whole of society. These approaches are integral to the soft approach and the hard approach in countering terrorism.

The NAP on PCVE includes 3 (three) pillars of prevention and



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overcoming Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, as its main strategy and program, covering (1) the pillars of prevention, including preparedness, counter-radicalization and deradicalization; (2) the pillars of law enforcement, witness and victims protection, and strengthening of the national legislative framework; and (3) the pillars of international partnership and cooperation. Overall, both in the process and in its implementation, the NAP on PCVE takes into account human rights principles; rule of law and justice; gender mainstreaming and fulfillment of children's rights; security and safety; good governance; participation of multi-stakeholders; as well as diversity and local wisdom.

Based on these considerations, the NAP on PCVE will be implemented through the following steps:

- 1. coordination between ministries/agencies (M/A) in order to prevent and counter Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism;
- 2. participation and synergy in the implementation of programs to prevent and counter Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, which are carried out by Ministries/Agencies, civil society, and other partners;
- 3. human resources capacity building to prevent and counter Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism;
- 4. oversight, early detection, and early prevention of acts and messages of Violent Extremism that Lead to Terrorism; and
- 5. attention to victims of criminal acts of terrorism and protection of infrastructure and other critical infrastructures.

The NAP on PCVE is a living document whose implementation can be adjusted to the focus, potential and problems of each ministry/agency.

B. OBJECTIVE

The general objective of the NAP on PCVE is to increase the



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protection of the rights to the sense of security of citizens from Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, as part of the implementation of state obligations to the fulfillment of human rights in order to maintain national security stability based on Pancasila and the Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia. 1945.

The specific objectives are:

- 1. To improve coordination between ministries/agencies (M/A) in order to prevent and counter Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism related to the programs set out in the NAP on PCVE's Pillars;
- 2. To increase participation and synergy in the implementation of the programs of preventing and countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, which are carried out by ministries/agencies, local governments, civil society, and other partners;
- 3. To develop instruments and system regarding data collection and monitoring to support efforts to prevent and counter Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism;
- 4. To increase the capacity of the apparatus and infrastructure in a systematic and sustainable manner, to support programs for preventing and countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism; and
- 5. To enhance international cooperation, whether through bilateral, regional and multilateral cooperation, in preventing and countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.



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CHAPTER II THE 2020-2024 NATIONAL ACTION PLAN STRATEGY FOR PREVENTING AND COUNTERING VIOLENT EXTREMISM THAT LEADS TO TERRORISM

To achieve the 2020-2024 NAP on PCVE targets, it is necessary to formulate a strategy as outlined in 3 (three) pillars as follows:

- a. Pillar 1: Prevention (preparedness, counter-radicalization and deradicalization)
- b. Pillar 2: Law Enforcement, Witness and Victim Protection, and Strengthening the National Legislative Framework.
- c. Pillar 3: International Partnerships and Cooperation.



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THE 2020-2024 NATIONAL ACTION PLAN STRATEGY

FOR PREVENTING AND COUNTERING VIOLENT EXTREMISM THAT LEADS TO TERRORISM

PILLAR 1 PREVENTION (PREPAREDNESS, COUNTER-RADICALIZATION AND DERADICALIZATION)

NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						I II III IV V	
	Prevention (Prep	aredness, Counter-Ra	adicalization and De	eradicalization)			
Ι	Focus 1: Strengt	hening supporting da	ta in the prevention	n of Violent Extremisn	that Leads to Terror	ism (preparedne:	3S)
1	Lack of data	Providing and	1. Documenting	1. An integrated	1.Stakeholders can	X X X X X	National Counter
	integration, as	integrating data,	data and studies	data	easily access up-		Terrorism Agency
	well as analysis	including the form of	of research	management	to-date data on		(BNPT)
	results on	data disaggregated	results related to	system related	Violent Extremism		Relevant M/A:
	Violent	by sex, age and	Violent	to Violent	that Leads to		Ministry of Home
	Extremism that	vulnerability as well	Extremism that	Extremism that	Terrorism.		Affairs (MoHA)
	Leads to	as analysis results	Leads to	Leads to			Ministry of Foreign
	Terrorism.	related to Violent	Terrorism,	Terrorism using			Affairs (MoFA)
		Extremism that	including those	the Big Data			Ministry of
		Leads to Terrorism.	conducted by	system between			Religious Affairs
		The data and	M/A or research	M/A or research			(MoRA)



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		,	ſIM	E	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV V	
		analysis results	institutions.	institutions. The						Ministry of Social
		referred to are		data in the data						Affairs (MoSA)
		related to networks,		center will be						Ministry of Women
		cases, timelines,		updated						Empowerment and
		priority areas, action		regularly.						Child Protection
		patterns, maps of								(MoWECP)
		actors, victims,								Indonesian
		funders, messages,								Financial
		pull and push								Transaction
		factors, impacts,								Reports and
		roles, positions of								Analysis Center
		women and child								(PPATK)
		protection								Indonesian
		principles, and								Institute of
		evaluation of case								Sciences (LIPI)
		handling and								Statistics Indonesia
		prevention of Violent								(BPS)
		Extremism that								Witness and Victim
		Leads to Terrorism.								Protection Agency

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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT		OUTCOME		T	`IM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
							Ι	II	III	IV	V	
												(LPSK)
												National Cyber and
												Encryption Agency
												(BSSN)
												National
												Commission on
												Violence Against
												Women (Komnas
												Perempuan)
												Attorney General's
												Office (AGO)
			2. Periodic and	2. Results	of		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	BNPT
			incidental	research	and	dissemination of						Relevant M/A:
			research and	studies,	both	research results						MoHA
			studies related	periodic	and	and studies on						MoFA
			to issues of	incidental,	on	Violent						MoRA
			Violent	Violent		Extremism that						MoSA
			Extremism that	Extremism	that	Leads to						MoWECP
			Leads to	Leads	to	Terrorism which						PPATK



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	`IM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	
			Terrorism.	Terrorism.	assist policy						LIPI
					makers in						BPS
					formulating						LPSK
					policies for						BSSN
					preventing						Komnas
					Violent						Perempuan
					Extremism that						AGO
					Leads to						
					Terrorism.						
			3. Research/studi	3. Results of	3.1 The use of the	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	BNPT
			es on the	research/studies	research/studie						
			perceptions and	on the perceptions	s on the						Relevant M/A:
			experiences of	and experiences of	perceptions and						MoHA
			individuals	individuals (men,	experiences of						MoFA
			(men, women,	women, including	individuals						MoRA
			including youth	youth and	(men, women,						MoSA
			and children)	children) regarding	including youth						MoWECP
			regarding	Violent Extremism	and children)						PPATK
			Violent	that Leads to	regarding						LIPI



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	`IM	E	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V
			Extremism that	Terrorism.	Violent					BPS
			Leads to		Extremism that					LPSK
			Terrorism.		Leads to					BSSN
					Terrorism for					Komnas
					the formulation					Perempuan
					and					AGO
					implementation					
					of policies to					
					counter Violent					
					Extremism that					
					Leads to					
					Terrorism.					
					3.2. Data and		Х	Х	Х	X BNPT
					analysis results					
					consisting of: (1)					Relevant M/A:
					timeline; (2)					MoHA
					priority areas;					MoFA
					(3) action					MoRA
					patterns; (4)					MoSA



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	rim	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	
					network map of						MoWECP
					actors of Violent						PPATK
					Extremism that						LIPI
					Leads to						BPS
					Terrorism; (5)						LPSK
					victims; (6)						BSSN
					narrative of						Komnas
					Violent						Perempuan
					Extremism that						AGO
					Leads to						
					Terrorism; (7)						
					pull and push						
					factors; (8) the						
					position, impact						
					and role of						
					women; and (9)						
					evaluation of						
					case handling						
					and prevention						



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		Т	'IME		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	Π	III IV	' V	
					of Violent					
					Extremism that					
					Leads to					
					Terrorism.					
II	Focus 2: Streng	then stakeholder aw	areness and capacit	ty regarding the risks	of Violent Extremism	n L	ead	ling to) Te	errorism and the
	response efforts	(preparedness)								
1	The early	Strengthen	1. Development of	1. Measuring tool of	1. The use of	Х				BNPT
	detection system	networks between	Measuring	Violent Extremism	measuring tool of					
	and community-	central government,	Tools for	that Leads to	Violent					
	based early	regional	Violent	Terrorism at the	Extremism that					
	response system	governments and	Extremism that	national and local	Leads to					
	for prevention	community for the	Leads to	levels.	Terrorism at the					
	have not yet	development of early	Terrorism at		national and local					
	been optimal,	detection systems in	the national		levels.					
	which have an	the prevention of	and local levels.							
	integrated	Violent Extremism		2. Community-based	2. The central and	Х				MoHA
	measure/indicat	that Leads to	Standard	early detection	regional					
	or in the	Terrorism at the	Implementation	system for the	governments can					Relevant M/A:
	prevention of	national and local	Procedure to	prevention of	carry out early					BNPT



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	T	'IMI	E	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						I II	III	IV V	
	Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism at the national and local levels.	levels.	build a community- based early detection system.	Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism— at the national and local levels in the form of a hotline for complaints and assistance.	detection related to the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism				Ministry of Villages, Development of Disadvantaged Areas, and Transmigration (MoVDAT) MoWECP MoSA MoRA
			3. Implement a community- based early detection system in a number of areas identified as priority/vulnera ble exposed	early detection system for the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism at the national and local	3. Strengthen community participation in preventing Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	X	x	X X	



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	MI	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	II	VV	
			areas.	a hotline for complaints and assistance.							Intelligence Agency (BIN)
2	increase the carrying capacity and strengthen the resilience of the state apparatus, including the state civil servants (ASN),	Increase the capacity of state apparatus within ministries/agencies /regional governments for improved sensitivity and resilience against Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	1. Development of modules, including modules with a gender perspective, and an integrated curriculum in pre-service education and training, leadership training, and Lemhannas (National Defense	1. Availability of modules and curricula on the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism which are integrated into pre-service education and training, leadership training, and Lemhannas (National Defense Institute) courses.	1. The use of modules and curricula in various pre- service education and training, leadership training, and Lemhannas (National Defense Institute) courses.	X					Ministry of Administrative and Bureaucratic Reform (MoABR) Relevant M/A: BNPT State Civil Apparatus Commission (KASN) MoWECP Lemhannas



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	`IM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	Π	III	IV	V	
	(BUMN)		Institute)								
	employees,		courses.								
	and/or state		2. Periodic training	2. The implementation	2. Increased support		Х	Х	Х	Х	MoABR
	officials		for state civil	of a number of	from a number of						State Administration
	(executive,		servants (ASN)	training on Violent	state civil servants						Agency (LAN)
	legislative,		within	Extremism that	(ASN) within						
	judiciary,		ministries/agen	Leads to Terrorism	ministries/agencie						Relevant M/A:
	independent		cies/regional	for state civil	s/regional						BNPT
	state agency		governments on	servants (ASN)	governments in						State Civil Service
	apparatus		Violent	within	preventing Violent						Agency (BKN)
	(commissioner),		Extremism that	ministries/agencies	Extremism that						MoWECP
	activists, village		Leads to	/regional	Leads to						
	officials, and		Terrorism.	governments	Terrorism.						
	supporting		3. Awards for	3. The	3. Increased support			Х	Х	Х	BNPT
	implementers		ministries/agen	implementation of a	from a number of						
	within the		cies/regional	number of award	ministries/agenci						Relevant M/A:
	ministries/agen		governments	ceremonies for	es/regional						MoABR
	cies/local		and state civil	ministries/	governments and						BKN
	governments		servants (ASN)	agencies/regional	the state civil						MoHA



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		,	LIW	IE		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	II	ΙΙ	vv	
	against Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.		for supporting efforts to prevent Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	governments and the State Civil Apparatus (ASN) as pioneers in preventing Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	in preventing Violent Extremism that						MoWECP
			4. Build a system for preventing Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism through a recruitment system, selection of state civil servants (ASN), and	4. Availability of a system for preventing Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism in the recruitment system, selection of state civil servants (ASN), and supervision.	prevention system for Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism in the recruitment process, selection	X	x				MoABR Relevant M/A: BNPT Lemhannas BKN



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	`IMI	E	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	Π	III	IV V	
			supervision.							
3	It is necessary to	Increase the	1. Develop	1. Training modules	1. The use of	Х				BNPT
	increase the	capacity of	training	and socialization	training modules					
	capacity of the	communities	modules and	for the prevention	and socialization					Relevant M/A:
	community	(women's	socialization for	of Violent	for the prevention					MoHA
	(women's	communities, youth	the prevention	Extremism that	of Violent					MoSA
	community,	communities, civil	of Violent	Leads to Terrorism	Extremism that					MoWECP
	youth	society	Extremism that	for communities	Leads to					Komnas
	community, civil	organizations,	Leads to	(women's	Terrorism for					Perempuan
	society	business actors,	Terrorism for	communities,	communities					National
	organization,	political parties,	communities	youth	(women's					Commission on
	business actors,	educational	(women's	communities, civil	communities,					Human Rights
	political parties,	institutions, house	communities,	society	youth					(Komnas HAM)
	educational	of worship, and	youth	organizations,	communities, civil					
	institutions,	other interest	communities,	business actors,	society					
	house of	groups) in	civil society	political parties,	organizations,					
	worship, and	responding to	organizations,	educational	business actors,					
	other interest	Violent Extremism	business	institutions, house	political parties,					
	groups in	that Leads to	actors, political	of worship, and	educational					



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	Ουτρυτ	OUTCOME		1	ſIM	E	RESPONSIBLE PARTY	
						Ι	II	II	[]V	V	
	responding to Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	Terrorism.	parties, educational institutions, house of worship, and other interest groups).	other interest groups).	institutions, house of worship, and other interest groups).						
			2. Training and socialization for the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism for communities (women's communities, youth communities,	2. The implementation of a number of trainings and socialization for the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism for communities (women's communities, youth	support from communities (women's communities, youth		X	X	X	X	BNPT Relevant M/A: MoHA MoSA MoRA Ministry of Youth and Sports Affairs (MoYSA) MoWECP Komnas Perempuan



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	rim]	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	
			civil society organizations, business actors, political parties, educational institutions, house of worship, and other interest groups).	communities, civil society organizations, business actors, political parties, educational institutions, house of worship, and other interest groups).	institutions, house of worship, and other interest						Komnas HAM
			3. Engaging community leaders (women's communities, youth communities, civil society organizations, business actors,		leaders (women's community, youth community, civil society organizations,		X	X	X	x	BNPT Relevant M/A: MoHA MoSA MoRA MoYSA MoWECP Komnas



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	`IMI	2		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	
			political parties, educational institutions, house of 	educational institutions, house of worship, and other interest groups) are engaged as resource persons in training and dissemination on the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	political parties, educational institutions, house of worship, and other interest groups) in training and dissemination on the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.						Perempuan Komnas HAM
			4. Awards for civil society	4. Selection of civil society	4. Increased support from			x	X	X	BNPT



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	MI	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Т	II	TT	Ιν	v	
			organizations, including the business sector in responding to Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	organizations and the business sector to receive awards in the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	civil society organizations, including the business sector in	1					Relevant M/A: MoRA MoHA Ministry of Trade (MoT)
			5. Training on management of house of worship on prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	5. The implementation of a number of training on management of house of worship involving a number of participants on the prevention of Violent Extremism	5. Increased awareness of managers of house of worship on Violent Extremism that Leads to			X	X	x	BNPT Relevant M/A: MoRA



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	MI	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	Π	III	IV	v v	
				that Leads to Terrorism.							
			6. Training for religious preachers to encourage religious moderation.	6. The implementation of training for religious preachers related to moderate views in religion.	6. The increasing number of preachers who have moderate views and attitudes towards religion.	X	X	X	X	X	MoRA Relevant M/A: BNPT Pancasila Ideology Development Agency (BPIP)
			7. Training on the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism for journalists.	training on the prevention of Violent Extremism	7. Increased support from journalists in preventing Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.			X	x	x	BNPT Relevant M/A: Ministry of Communication and Informatics (MoCI) Press Council
			8. Integration of the	8. The curriculum on	8. The			Χ	X	X	BNPT



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATE	GY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPU	JT	OUTCOME		1	LIWI	£	RESPONSIB PARTY	LE
								Ι	II	III	IV V		
				curriculum on the prevention o Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism into training/educatio n organized by Ministries/Agenci es targeting community	f Violent Ex that Lea Terrorism h integrated training/ed organized Ministries/	tremism ads to has been into lucation by Agencie targeting	implementation of a number of training/educatio n with a curriculum that is integrated with the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism,					Relevant M/A: MoHA MoYSA Ministry Defense (MoD)	of
				participants.	participant		targeting community participants.						
III	Focus 3: Increas	ing the effect	tiveness	of the campaign to	prevent Viole	nt Extre	nism that Leads to 7	`err	oris	sm a	mong	vulnerable grou	ups
	(counter-radicali	-			-								-
1	The absence of indicators for the	-		1. Develop indicators of success for the		of for	1. The use of indicators of	X				BNPT	
	success of the	campaign o	on the	campaign on the	preventing	Violent	success for on the					Relevant M/A:	
	campaign on the	prevention of	Violent	prevention o	f Extremism	that	prevention of	·				MoRA	



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	MI	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	
	Violent Extremism that	Extremism that Leads to Terrorism targeting vulnerable groups.	that Leads to		Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism targeting vulnerable groups.						MoCI MoYSA AGO LIPI
			2. Assessment of the effectiveness of the campaign on the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism by comparing preliminary and	2. The implementation of the assessment on the effectiveness and success of the campaign on the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	value-based parameters to measure the		x				BNPT Relevant M/A: MoRA LIPI MoCI



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME			TIM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY	
						Ι	II		/I	/ V		
			final data.		Terrorism.							
			3. Development of a	3.A strategic	3. Availability of a			Х			BNPT	
			strategic	communication	strategic							
			communication	road map on the	communication						Relevant M/A:	
			road map on the	prevention of	road map on the						MoRA	
			prevention of	Violent Extremism	prevention of						MoCI	
			Violent	that Leads to	Violent Extremism						LIPI	
			Extremism that	Terrorism in	that Leads to							
			Leads to	, 0	Terrorism in							
			Terrorism in		ministries/agencie							
			ministries/agenci		S							
			es.									
			4. Integration of	4. Revise <i>P3SPS</i> which	4. The				Х		MoCI	
			elements of	adopts elements of	implementation of							
			prevention of	prevention of	the revised P3SPS						Relevant M/A:	
			Violent	Violent Extremism	which adopts						BNPT	
			Extremism that	that Leads to	elements of						Indonesian	
			Leads to	Terrorism.	prevention of						Broadcasting	
			Terrorism into		Violent Extremism						Commission (KPI)	



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						I II III IV	VV
			the Broadcasting		that Leads to		
			Code of Conduct		Terrorism and a		
			and Broadcast		monitoring system		
			Program		for the		
			Standards		implementation in		
			(<i>P3SPS</i>).		broadcasting		
					media.		
			5. Integration of	5. Encourage the	5. The	X	BNPT
			elements of	adoption of	implementation of		
			prevention of	elements of	the revised Cyber		Relevant M/A:
			Violent	prevention of	Media Guidelines		MoCI
			Extremism that	Violent Extremism	which adopt		Press Council
			Leads to	that Leads to	prevention of		
			Terrorism the	Terrorism in the	Violent Extremism		
			Cyber Media	Cyber Media	that Leads to		
			Guidelines.	Guidelines.	Terrorism.		
			6. Encourage the	6. Development of	6. The elements of	X	BNPT
			adoption of	indicators on the	prevention of		
			elements of	prevention of	Violent Extremism		Relevant M/A:



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME		TIME RE			RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	II	I IV	V	
			prevention of	Violent Extremism	that Leads to						MoCI
			Violent	that Leads to	Terrorism are						Press Council
			Extremism that	Terrorism in	considered for						
			Leads to	journalistic	inclusion in						
			Terrorism in	competency tests	modules and						
			journalistic	curriculum.	curriculum in the						
			competency		journalistic						
			tests.		competency test.						
2	The material on	1.Add material on	1. Added material	1. Availability of a	1. The use of a formal		Х				Ministry of
	the prevention of	the prevention of	on the prevention	formal education	curriculum that						Education and
	Violent	Violent Extremism	of Violent	curriculum that	adopts material on						Culture (MoEC)
	Extremism that	that Leads to	Extremism that	adopts material on	the prevention of						
	Leads to	Terrorism,	Leads to	the prevention of	Violent Extremism						Relevant M/A:
	Terrorism has	including by	Terrorism,	Violent Extremism	that Leads to						BNPT
	not yet been	adopting critical	including by	that Leads to	Terrorism, and a						
	adopted, and the	thinking	adopting critical	Terrorism,	learning process						
	learning	methodologies in	thinking	including a learning	and a curriculum						
	methodology by	the teaching	methodologies in	system and a	that stimulates						
	means of critical	system and formal	a learning-	curriculum that	critical thinking in						



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	OUTCOME TIME	
						I II III IV	V
	thinking has not been used in the formal education curriculum and student activities from primary to higher levels.	education curriculum, ranging from elementary, secondary, and higher levels.	teaching system and formal education curriculum, ranging from elementary, secondary, and higher levels	stimulates critical thinking in elementary and secondary education.	primary and secondary education		
			2. Addition of material on the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, including increasing	2. Availability of a formal education curriculum that adopts material on the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, including a learning	curriculum that adopts the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, and a learning process	X	MoEC Relevant M/A: BNPT BPIP
			critical thinking skills in the	system and a curriculum that	that stimulates		



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME I II III IV V						RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	II	[]]	vv		
			higher education curriculum.	stimulates critical thinking in higher education.	higher education.							
			3. Addition of material on the	3. A formal religious education	3. The use of a formal religious		x				MoRA	
			prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, including increasing critical thinking skills in the formal religious education curricula at the primary, secondary and	curriculum that adopts the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, including critical thinking in the formal religious education curriculum at the primary, secondary and higher levels.	education curriculum that adopts material on the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, including the application of a learning system using the critical thinking method in formal religious education at the						Relevant M/A: BNPT	



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME				RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II II	I IV	V	
			higher levels. 4. Training of Trainers for primary and secondary level formal education teachers on the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to	teachers received training on the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to	primary, secondary, and higher levels. 4. Increased capacity of a number of teachers on the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, and increased teaching skill using the critical thinking		x			MoEC Relevant M/A: BNPT
			Terrorism and teaching training using the critical thinking method.		method.					
			5. Training of Trainers for		5. Increased capacity of a number of		X	X	X	MoEC



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME		E	RESPONSIBLE PARTY	
						Ι	Π	III	IV V	
			lecturers on the	training on	lecturers on the					Relevant M/A:
			prevention of	prevention of	prevention of					BNPT
			Violent	Violent Extremism	Violent Extremism					
			Extremism that	that Leads to	that Leads to					
			Leads to	Terrorism, and	Terrorism, and					
			Terrorism and a	teaching training	increased teaching					
			learning system	using the critical	skills using the					
			using the critical	thinking method.	critical thinking					
			thinking learning		method.					
			method.							
			6. Training of	6.A number of	6. Increased capacity		Х	Х	X X	MoRA
			Trainers for	religion lecturers	of a number of					
			religion teachers	and teachers	religion lecturers					Relevant M/A:
			and lecturers at	receive training on	and teachers on					BNPT
			formal education	material and	the prevention of					
			system at the	learning methods	Violent Extremism					
			primary,	on the prevention of	that Leads to					
			secondary and	Violent Extremism	Terrorism and					
			higher levels	that Leads to	increased teaching					



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						I II III IV V	7
			related to learning methods and materials on the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism and to increase critical thinking skills.	Terrorism and teaching training using the critical thinking method.	skills using the critical thinking method.		
		2. Review learning tools (textbooks and others) at each level of education to support efforts to prevent and counter Violent Extremism that	0	1. The results of a study of learning tools at every level of education to support efforts to prevent and counter Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	results of the study of learning tools at every level		K MoEC Relevant M/A: BNPT



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	ſIM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	II	I IV	7 V	7
3	The participation of youth leaders, religious leaders, traditional leaders, women leaders, the role of mass media, and social media influencers (including former terrorist	Leads to Terrorism. Increase the role (participation) of youth leaders, religious leaders, traditional leaders, women leaders, mass media, and social media influencers in delivering messages to prevent Violent Extremism that	coordination with representatives of youth leaders, traditional leaders, religious leaders, women leaders, mass media companies, social	1. Regular coordination forums with representatives of youth leaders, traditional leaders, religious leaders, women leaders, mass media companies, social media companies, and influencers.	Leads to Terrorism through the revised or improved learning tools. 1. Synergy between representatives of youth leaders, religious leaders, traditional leaders, women leaders, mass media companies, social media companies, and influencers.	X					Relevant M/A: MoRA MoSA MoHA MoCI MoWECP MoVDAT MoYSA BSSN
	convicts) has not been optimal in	Leads to Terrorism.	influencers.								



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME				RESPONSIBLE PARTY	
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	
	delivering messages to prevent Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.		2. Development of a digital content creator network with the participation of youth leaders, religious leaders, traditional leaders, the role of the mass media, and social media influencers	Internet-based content production.	2. Increased campaign effectiveness.		X	X	X	x	BNPT Relevant M/A: MoCI BSSN



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME			E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	' V	
			creative and innovative campaigns to prevent Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism	teachers, local communities, Indonesian citizens abroad, migrant	awareness of target groups through the dissemination of online and offline innovative campaign products on the Violent	X		X			BNPT Relevant M/A: MoCI MoFA
			targeting families, teachers, local communities, Indonesian citizens abroad, migrant workers	workers and students abroad for the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	Extremism that						



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PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	Ουτρυτ	OUTCOME		TIME			RESPONSIBLE PARTY	
					Ι	Π	III	IV	V	
		and students abroad								
		4. TrainingofTrainersforyouthleaders,religiousleaders,traditionalleaders,leaders,twomenleaders,theofthemedia,andsocialmediamedia,andsocialformerterroristprisoners)indeliveringmessagestopreventViolent	youth leaders, religious leaders, traditional leaders, women leaders, the role of the mass media, and social media influencers (including former terrorist convicts) in delivering messages to prevent Violent	awareness of youth leaders, religious leaders, traditional leaders, the role of mass media, and social media influencers (including former terrorist prisoners)				x	X	BNPT Relevant M/A: MoRA MoYSA MoCI MoWECP
	PROBLEM	PROBLEM STRATEGY	and students abroad4. Training of Trainers for youth leaders, religious leaders, traditional leaders, the role of the mass media, and social media influencers (including former terrorist prisoners) in delivering messages to	and students abroad4. Training of Trainers for youth leaders, religious leaders, traditional leaders, traditional leaders, the role of the mass media, and social media influencers (including former terrorist terrorist in delivering messages to prevent Violent4. Trainers consist of youth leaders, religious leaders, traditional leaders, women leaders, the role of the mass media, and social media influencers terrorist convicts) in delivering messages to prevent Violent	and students abroadand students abroad4. Trainers consist of youth leaders, religious leaders, traditional leaders, the role of the mass media, and social media influencers (including former (including former terrorist terrorist terrorist terrorist4. Increased awareness of youth leaders, leaders, religious leaders, the role of media, and social media influencers terrorist convicts) in delivering messages to prevent Violent4. Increased awareness of youth leaders, ieaders, religious leaders, the role of media, and social media influencers terrorist convicts) in delivering messages to prevent Violent	Image: state s	Image: constraint of the state of the sta	and students abroadand students abroadI IIII4. Training of Trainers for youth leaders, religious leaders, traditional leaders, thraditional leaders, the role of the mass media, and social media influencers (including former terrorist convicts) in delivering prisoners) in delivering4. Trainers consist of youth leaders, traditional leaders, media, and social media influencers terrorist convicts) in delivering messages to prevent Violent4. Increased awareness of youth leaders, religious leaders, the role of mass media, and social influencers terrorist convicts) in delivering messages to prevent Violent4. Increased awareness of youth leaders, religious leaders, the role of mass media, and social influencers in delivering messages to prevent Violent4. Increased awareness of youth leaders, religious leaders, the role of mass media, and social influencers in delivering messages to prevent Violent4. Increased awareness of youth leaders, the role of mass media, and social influencers in delivering messages to prevent Violent4. Increased awareness of youth leaders, the role of mass media, and social influencers in delivering messages to prevent Violent	Image: state in the image: state image	Image: space of the systemand students abroadand students abroadImage: space of the systemImage: space of the systemImage: space of the system4. Training of Trainers for youth leaders, religious leaders, religious leaders, religious leaders, religious leaders, religious leaders, religious leaders, traditional leaders, traditional leaders, the role of the mass media, and social media influencers media, and social media influencers media, and social media influencers (including former (including former terrorist convicts) in (including former terrorist in delivering messages to prevent Violent delivering messages to prevent Violent4. Trainers consist of 4. Increased awareness of youth leaders, religious leaders, religious leaders, religious leaders, religious leaders, the role of mass media, and social media influencers (including former terrorist convicts) in delivering messages to prevent Violent4. Trainers consist of 4. Increased awareness of youth leaders, religious leaders, religious leaders, the role of mass media, and social media influencers (including former terrorist convicts) in delivering messages to prevent Violent4. Trainers consist of to prevent Violent terrorist to prevent Violent4. Trainers consist of the mass media terrorist that teads to Terrorism4. Increased terrorist traditional leaders, the role of the mass media influencers terrorist prisoners)4. Increased terrorist prisoners)4. Increased terrorist prisoners)



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME					RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	Π	II	ΙΓ	v v	
			Leads to Terrorism.								
IV	Focus 4: Increase	the resilience of vul	nerable groups to av	oid acts of Violent Ext	remism that Leads to	Ter	roi	isn	n (o	cour	ter-radicalization)
1	initiative to form a pilot region/ community for strengthening resilience against Violent Extremism that	Develop pilot areas for strengthening resilience against Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism through various approaches such as religion, culture, and economy.	potential areas to strengthen	mapping and assessment of	1. The use of mapping and assessment results in mentoring and developing pilot areas for the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	X					MoHA Relevant M/A: BNPT MoSA MoVDAT Ministry of Cooperatives and Small and Medium Enterprises (MoCSME) MoRA Ministry of Tourism and Creative Economy (MoTCE)



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	MI	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	
			2. Assistance and development of "Pilot areas for the prevention of Violent Extremism that Lead to Terrorism" through religious, cultural and economic	areas for increasing resilience against Violent Extremism	from local governments and local communities in preventing			x			MoHA Relevant M/A: BNPT MoSA MoVDAT MoCSME MoRA MoTCR
			approaches.								
				launches and					x	X	MoHA Relevant M/A:
			increasing resilience against Violent	areas for increasing resilience against Violent Extremism	for the prevention of Violent Extremism that						BNPT MoSA MoVDAT
			Extremism that	that Leads to	Leads to Terrorism.						MoCSME



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	`IM]	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	
			Leads to Terrorism" through religious, cultural and economic approaches.	Terrorism".							MoRA MoTCR
2	policing in preventing Violent	Increase the effectiveness of community policing in preventing Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	1. Community policing training to support the efforts to prevent Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	involved in community policing training which	efforts to prevent Violent Extremism		X	x	X		Indonesian National Police (INP) Relevant M/A: BNPT
			promotion of community	2. The implementation of a number of socialization and	awareness on community		X	X	x		INP Relevant M/A:
			policing as an		policing as an effort						BN



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	T	IME	C		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
					I	I II	III	IV	V	
3	optimize the role of youth in preventing Violent	participation by engaging youth as an effort to prevent Violent Extremism	effort to prevent Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism. 1. Organize an annual national youth event highlighting the themes of tolerance, nationalism, and introduction to prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to	as an effort to prevent Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism. 1. The active participation of youth in national youth events to prevent Violent Extremism that	to prevent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism. 1. Increased understanding of youth on tolerance, nationalism, and				x	MoYSA Relevant M/A: BNPT MoCI
			Terrorism.			37		87		M
			2. Facilitation	2.A number of	2. The widespread	A .	A	A	Ā	MoYSA



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		T	`IM]	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	
			program for creative campaigns for the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism among youth.	creative campaigns for the prevention of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism produced by youth.	role of youth in efforts to prevent Violent Extremism						Relevant M/A: BNPT MoCI
			5	3. The implementation of a number of awards for youth as pioneers in preventing Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	awareness of the youth about the positive activities as a way of		X	X			MoYSA Relevant M/A: MoCI MoEC
		2. Increase the capacity of youth	1. Development of training modules		1. Increased understanding of		X	X	X	X	Leads



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		T	`IM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	
		as actors who spread the values of peace and diversity.	covering the topic of "internet friendly" counter- narrative material on Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism for youth.	0	the spread of propaganda of Violent						Relevant M/A: MoCI MoEC
			2. A national youth forum discussing experiences and joint strategies to address Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism for youth.	participants are actively involved in national youth forums discussing	national level discussing experiences and joint strategies to address Violent		X	x	x		MoYSA Relevant M/A: BNPT MoCI MoEC



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		TIN	E		RESPONSIBL PARTY	Æ
						Ι	II II	ΙΙ	V V		
				Leads to Terrorism for youth.	Terrorism.						
V	Focus 5: Increas	e the effectiveness	of securing critical	infrastructures, transp	portation, and public	are	eas fr	om	the	e threat of Viole	nt
	Extremism that	Leads to Terrorism (l	Preparedness)	· _							
1	The	Provide integrated	Develop a database	An integrated	Stakeholders can					BNPT	
	unavailability of	data on critical	on critical	database on	access the						
	integrated data	infrastructures,	infrastructures,	vulnerable critical	database with an					Relevant M/A:	
	on critical	transportation,	transportation,	infrastructures,	approval system.					MoD	
	infrastructures,	strategic	strategic	transportation,						INP	
	transportation,	information	information	strategic information						Ministry	of
	strategic	infrastructure, and	infrastructure, and	infrastructure, and						Transportation	
	information	the public	the public	the public						(MoT)	
	infrastructure,	environment	environment	environment to						TNI	
	and the public	vulnerable to	vulnerable to	anticipate the threat						MoSOE	
	environment	threats of Violent	threats of Violent	of Violent Extremism						MoCI	
	vulnerable to	Extremism that	Extremism that	that Leads to						Ministry	of
	threats of Violent	Leads to Terrorism.	Leads to Terrorism.	Terrorism.						Industry (MoI)	
	Extremism that									MoHA	
	Leads to									MoRA	



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	LIW	IE			RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	II	ΙΙ	V	V	
	Terrorism.											MoYSA MoTCR MoEC Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources (MoEMR) Ministry of Law and Human Rights (MoLHR) BSSN
2	optimize the security system for the protection	Optimize security systems and early detection of threats to critical infrastructures, transportation, strategic	1. Development of systems for securing vulnerable vital objects, transportation, strategic	1. A system for securing vulnerable vital objects, transportation, strategic information infrastructure, and	1. The system is used by stakeholders.		X	x	2	K Z		BNPT Relevant M/A: MoD INP MoT TNI



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT		OUTCOME		1	`IM	E	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
							Ι	II	III	IV V	
	strategic	information	information	public enviro	onment						MoSOE
	information	infrastructure, and	infrastructure,	that has	been						MoCI
	infrastructure,	the public	and public	developed	and						MoI
	and the public		environment,	evaluated.							MoHA
		vulnerable to	including								MoRA
		threats of Violent	business centers,								MoYSA
	threat of Violent	Extremism that	based on								MoTCR
	Extremism that	Leads to Terrorism.	evaluation.								MoEC
	Leads to										BSSN
	Terrorism.										
			2. Periodic		of the	2. The assessment is		Х	Х	X X	INP
			evaluation of the	5	system	5					
			security system	developed		stakeholders in					Relevant M/A:
			and threat			improving the					MoD
			detection.			existing system.					TNI
											MoSOE
											МоТ
											MoCI
											MoI



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		Т	IMI	C	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV V	
										МоНА
										MoRA
										MoYSA
										MoTCR
										MoEC
										BSSN
										BNPT
			3. Increasing the		_Increas <u>ed</u> ability of					INP
			capacity of	security officer	stakeholders.					
			human							Relevant M/A:
			resources for							MoD
			security system							TNI
			administrators							МоТ
										MoSOE
										MoCI
										MoI
										MoHA
										MoRA
										MoYSA



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		Т	IME	C	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV V	
										MoTCR
										BSSN
										BNPT
VI	Focus 6: Prevent	ion of radicalism and	l criminal acts of ter	rorism for children gro	oup (preparedness)				<u> </u>	
1	The integration of	Implementation of	Implementation of	Integration of the	Report on the					MoWECP
	child protection	the Regulation of	the action of the	implementation of	implementation of					
	from radicalism	the Minister of	Regulation of the	the Guideline for the	the action of the					Relevant M/A:
	and criminal acts	Women's	Minister of	Protection of	Minister of					Ministry of
	of terrorism has	Empowerment and	Women's	Children from	Women's					National
	not been	Child Protection	Empowerment and	Radicalism and	Empowerment and					Development
	maximally	Number 7 of 2019	Child Protection	Criminal Acts of	Child Protection					Planning/National
	integrated.	concerning the	Number 7 of 2019	Terrorism.	Regulation Number					Development
		Guideline for the	concerning the		7 of 2019					Planning Agency
		Protection of	Guideline for the		concerning the					(Bappenas)
		Children from	Protection of		Guideline for the					INP
		Radicalism and	Children from		Protection of					BNPT
		Criminal Acts of	Radicalism and		Children from					MoHA
		Terrorism.	Criminal Acts of		Radicalism and					MoRA
			Terrorism.		Criminal Acts of					MoSA



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	TIM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II		[IV	V	
					Terrorism.			. 111			MoEC MoCI MoLHR MoCSME Ministry of Health (MoH) Ministry of Manpower (MoM) Indonesian Child Protection Commission (KPAI) Institute for Special Development for Children (LPKA) LPSK
VII	Focus 7: Deradic	alization in prisons				1				<u> </u>	



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						I II III IV V	
	(Lapas), correction bureau (Bapas) and detention center (Rutan) to	competency standards for officers that are synergized with the Action Plan for Countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism in Prisons/Detention Center (NAP on	1. Preparation of minimum competency standards for officers handling terrorist detainees and prisoners in accordance with the principles in this NAP, including material on resistance to potential exposure to extreme ideology.	1 5	competent in handling terrorist	X	MoLHR

the principles...



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	Ουτρυτ	OUTCOME			TII	ЛE		RESPONSIBLE PARTY	
						Ι	I II III IV V		1			
		contained in th	with the principles contained in the NAP.									
			2. Development of comprehensive curriculum and/or equipment for officers for general and special pre- service and in- service training, in accordance with the principles accommodated in this NAP.	2. Curriculum and guidebooks, handbooks, which are owned by all officers who deal with terrorist detainees and prisoners.	competent officers.	X					MoLHR	
			3. Recruitment of	3. There is a	3.1.	X		Τ	Τ		MoLHR	

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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	Ουτρυτ	OUTCOME			ΤI	ME			RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	I	[]	III]	V Y	V	
			officers handling terrorist detainees and prisoners in accordance with the principles accommodated in this NAP.	recruitment of officers handling terrorist detainees and prisoners in accordance with the principles accommodated in this NAP.	properly recruited, namely the suitability of							
					1	X]	MoLHR



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	ΜI	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	II	[IV	V	
					quality of officers who have necessary expertise.						
			4. General and special training for all officers in dealing with terrorist detainees and prisoners which is continuously updated through the mechanism of pre-service and in-service trainings in accordance with the principles	with terrorist detainees and prisoners.		X	X	X	X	X	MoLHR



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	ſIM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	
			accommodated in the NAP.								
			5. Review the training (including the child-friendly handling module) of officers to see if it is in accordance with the principles contained in the NAP.	handling modules) related to terrorist detainees and prisoners.	officers in dealing with terrorist detainees and	X	x	X	X	X	MoLHR
				mechanisms, especially security for Correctional	Guardians/ <i>Pamon</i> g perform their						MoLHR



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		TIM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
					I	I	II	I IV	v v	
			who deal with	(Pamong) and the	protection and					
			terrorist	resilience of prison	sufficient					
			prisoners,	officers.	resilience in					
			especially the		dealing with high-					
			high category		category terrorist					
			and/or		detainees and					
			ideologues.		prisoners and/or					
					ideologues.					
2	It is necessary to	Conducting	1. Conduct	1. There is a need and	1. A system for X					MoLHR
	optimize the	theoretical and	theoretical and	risk classification	measuring the					
	theoretical and	practical studies of	practical studies	measurement	classification of					Relevant M/A:
	practical review		on assessment	mechanism for the						BNPT
	of the need and		mechanisms for	management of	for effective					MoWECP
	risk classification	the management of	the management	terrorist detainees	management of					
	assessment	terrorist detainees	of terrorist	and prisoners to	terrorist detainees					
		and prisoners by	detainees and	measure the	and prisoners that					
	U	taking into account	prisoners by	effectiveness of the	is kept up to date.					
	of terrorist	the specificity of	taking into	measurable reviews						
	detainees and	women and	account the	of the evaluation						



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	Ουτρυτ	OUTCOME				RESPONSIBLE PARTY	
						Ι	II I	ΙΙ	v v	
	taking into account the specific needs of women and children individually. This is a rehabilitation process for terrorist	children and building mechanisms that are synergized with the Action Plan for Countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism in Prisons/Detention Centers ((NAP on PCVE in Prison/Detention Center) which integrates the needs of a mechanism for assessing risks and needs in the	specific needs of women and children.	results.						



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	ſIM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	II	II	VV	
		rehabilitation process of prisoners, management of terrorist detainees/prisoner s by taking into account the specific needs of women and children.									
			2. Development of a 2 scanning mechanism in accordance with the results of the review.	2. There is a 2 mechanism for scanning the classification of terrorist detainees and/or prisoners according to risk requirements	2. A system for measuring the classification of needs and risks for effective management of terrorist detainees and prisoners that						MoLHR Relevant M/A: BNPT MoWECP

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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME				RESPONSIBLE PARTY		
						Ι	Π	III	Ι	V	
					is kept up to date.						
			3. Risk	3. There is a data	3.1.A system for	Х					MoLHR
			management	center for managing	measuring the						
			data center that	the risk of terrorist	classification of						Relevant M/A:
			is in accordance								BNPT
			with a jointly	prisoners by taking	for effective						MoWECP
			established	into account the	8						
			mechanism	specificities of	terrorist						
			and/or accessible		detainees and						
			for relevant law	children.	prisoners that is						
			enforcers.		kept up to date.						
					3.2.Communication	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	MoLHR
					between law						
					enforcers						Relevant M/A:
					regarding risks						BNPT
					becomes						MoWECP
					smoother						
					(measured from						
					the evaluation						



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NO	PROBLEM	I STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		TIME	;	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II III	IV V	
					results).				
			4. The placement and treatment (needs) of terrorist detainees and prisoners in accordance with the mechanisms that support their rehabilitation.	classification system for new detainees and/or prisoners that integrate elements of management of	population for the development and rehabilitation program can be narrowly defined and in accordance with established criteria that respond to security risks so as to maximize				MoLHR Relevant M/A: BNPT MoWECP
					security conditions in accordance with the principles in this NAP.				
3	The need	for Optimize the	1. Development of	1. There is an	1. Decreasing cases	X			MoLHR



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		TI	ME		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II]	III I	VV	7
	indicators to determine the	success of the deradicalization program which is in line with the Action Plan for Countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism in Prisons/Detention Centers (NAP on PCVE in Prison/Detention Center).	indicators for the success of the deradicalization program that takes into account the findings of the deradicalization program review team.	indicator of the success of the deradicalization program which becomes a reference for stakeholders	of radicalism and/or Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism in prisons and detention centers based on evaluation results					Relevant M/A: BNPT
				2. There is a review of		Х	XZ	K X	: X	MoLHR
			deradicalization	deradicalization	of radicalism and					
			programs in	programs in prisons	Violent					Relevant M/A:
			prisons and	and detention	Extremism that					BNPT
			detention	centers	Leads to					



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME			T	[M]	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	Ι	Ι	III	IV	v v	
			centers, among others, by using the method of disengagement. 3. Organize programs according to (individual) needs and risks.	3. Programs that are tailored to the (individual) needs	of radicalism and Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism in prisons and detention centers based on evaluation	X						MoLHR Relevant M/A: BNPT
			4. Preparation of deradicalization	4.1. Deradicalization programs can	results. 4.1. Decreasing cases of	x						MoLHR



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	`IM]	E	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	Π	III	IV	I
			program tools by incorporating aspects of correctional- based disengagement including the possibility of a reconciliation method.	define the goals and outcomes of targeted interventions (lower level/leader); significant changes to extremists including (a) social relations; (b) protection; (c) identity; (d) action- orientated ideology; and (e) disappointment	radicalism and Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism in prisons and detention centers based on evaluation results.					Relevant M/A: BNPT
				4.2. Provide	4.2. Decreasing	Х				MoLHR



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
					-	I II III IV	V
				activities, including counseling and psychological support; cognitive behavioral programs; social work interventions; faith-based dialogue;	cases of radicalism and Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism in prisons and detention centers based on evaluation results	I II III IV	
				education; skills training according to the identification of needs and risks; creative therapies;			



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	ΥM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	II	II]	/ V	
				physical							
				therapy (e.g.							
				yoga, sports,							
				exercise); family							
				activities; and							
				social, cultural,							
				and recreational							
				activities							
4		-	1. Review the	1. Results of review of	1. The reduced	Х					MoLHR
	▲	correctional-based	deradicalization	the	number of						
	correctional-	deradicalization	program aimed	deradicalization	terrorism						Relevant M/A:
	based	program aimed at	at terrorist	program aimed at	recidivists.						BNPT
	deradicalization	terrorist	detainees/prison	terrorist							
	1 0	detainees/prisoner	ers which also	detainees/prisoner							
	terrorist	s which also	prioritize the	s which also							
	detainees/prison		aspects of	prioritize the							
	ers which also		rehabilitation	aspects of							
	-	rehabilitation and	and	rehabilitation and							
	aspects of	reintegration,	reintegration,	reintegration,							



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	ſIM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	ΙΙ	II	ΙΖ	' V	
	specifically for terrorist prisoners, to the community and their families according to their	specifically for terrorist prisoners, to the community and their families according to their individual needs and risks, which are in line with the Action Plan for Countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism in Prisons/Detention Centers (NAP on PCVE in Prison/Detention Center).	community and their families according to their individual needs and risks	and their families according to their individual needs and risks.							
			2. The provision of	2.1.Correctional-	2.1. The reduced			1			MoLHR



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME			TIM	E	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV V	7
			development programs, including correctional- based de- radicalization program aimed at terrorist prisoners which also prioritize aspects of rehabilitation and reintegration, specifically for terrorist prisoners, including by incorporating	based de- radicalization programs aimed at terrorist prisoners which also prioritize aspects of rehabilitation and reintegration of individual terrorist prisoners by incorporating correctional- based disengagement and reconciliation methods aimed at detainees and/or prisoners	number terrorism recidivists	of				Relevant M/A: BNPT



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	ΪM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	II	ΙΙ	v v	7
			aspects of correctional- based disengagement, as well as the possibility of reconciliation methods.	identified as terrorist detainees/prisone rs							
				2.2.There are various	2.2. Decreasing	Х					MoLHR
				activities,	cases of						
				including	radicalism and						Relevant M/A:
				counseling and							BNPT
				psychological	Extremism that						
				support; cognitive							
				behavioral	Terrorism in						
				programs; social							
				work	detention						
				interventions; faith-based	centers based on the results of						



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIM	IE	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						I II II	I IV V	
				dialogue;	evaluations			
				education; skills	where there have			
				training according	been significant			
				to the	changes in			
				identification of	terrorist			
				needs and risks;	-			
				creative therapies;	include: (a)			
				physical therapy	social relations;			
				(e.g. yoga, sports,	(b) protection; (c)			
				exercise); family				
				activities; and	action-oriented			
				social, cultural,				
				and recreational	disappointment.			
				activities.				
			3. Preparation for	3. There is a	3. There is a	X		MoLHR
			the systemic	mechanism for the	0			
			reintegration of	implementation of	positive change			Relevant M/A:
			terrorist	systemic and	from terrorist			BNPT
			prisoners into	effective	prisoners.			MoSA



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		,	ΓIN	IE		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	IJ	II	VV	·
			society which includes religious and psychological counseling, economic strengthening, social awareness monitoring and evaluation (in the form of home visits) in accordance with the principles in this NAP on PCVE, including, if necessary, involving the role of women in	reintegration of terrorist prisoners into society, and empowerment in the community.							MoHA



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	Ουτρυτ	OUTCOME		1	`IM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	Ι	V	
			dialogues to prevent stigma, reconciliation, etc.								
			4. Provision of training in communities that need it according to the results of a review of training in the community (family and environment, including community leaders) in preparation for	individuals, especially figures in the community, who are trained to accept former terrorist prisoners when they have completed serving their sentence and return to the community (the result of the module review	and anticipates Violent	X	X	X	X	X	MoLHR Relevant M/A: BNPT MoSA MoHA



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	ſIM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	II	[IV	V	
			accepting former terrorist prisoners.	training in the community).							
5	It is necessary to	Building a	1. Development of	1. There are	1. The mechanism	Х	X	X	X	X	MoLHR
	optimize the	mechanism for	assessment	assessment	works well,						
	mechanism for	handling children	instruments for	instruments for the	including						Relevant M/A:
	handling	involved in cases of	the handling of	handling of child	handling children						BNPT
	children involved	Violent Extremism	child prisoners	prisoners involved	involved in						MoWECP
	in cases of	that Leads to	involved in	in Terrorism cases	Terrorism cases,						KPAI
	Violent	Terrorism	Terrorism cases	that are integrated	in accordance						
	Extremism that	(recruited child) in	that are	with the Guideline	with national						
	Leads to	the correctional	integrated with	for the Protection of	standards, the						
	Terrorism	system which is in	the Guideline for	Children from	Guideline for the						
	(recruited child)	line with the Action	the Protection of	Radicalism and	Protection of						
	in the	Plan for	Children from	Criminal Acts of	Children from						
	correctional	Countering Violent	Radicalism and	Terrorism in	Radicalism and						
	system.	Extremism that	Criminal Acts of	accordance with	Criminal Acts of						
		Leads to Terrorism	Terrorism.	the principles in	Terrorism, and						
		in		this NAP.	the principles in						



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	'IM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	
		Prisons/Detention Centers (NAP on PCVE in Prisons/Detention Centers).			this NAP.						
			2. Needs assessment based on the prepared instrument.	2. There is a needs 2. assessment as a mechanism for handling child prisoners involved in Terrorism cases in accordance with the principles in this NAP.	The mechanism works well, including handling children involved in Terrorism cases in accordance with national standards and the principles in this NAP.	X	X	x	X	X	MoLHR Relevant M/A: BNPT MoWECP KPAI
			3. Planning according to the needs identified		The mechanism works well, including	X	x	X	X	X	MoLHR Relevant M/A:



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		TIME	;	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II III	IV V	
			in the assessment results.	according to the results of the research as a mechanism for handling child prisoners involved in cases of Terrorism in	handling children involved in Terrorism cases in accordance with national standards and the principles in this NAP.				BNPT MoWECP KPAI
				accordance with the principles in this NAP.	NAL.				
			 Development of mechanism based on the plan. 	4. There is a mechanism consisting of assessment instrument needs and treatment planning for child prisoners, which is					MoLHR Relevant M/A: BNPT



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		Т	'IM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	Π	III	IV	V	
				involved in the case of Terrorism according to the principle in this NAP.	principles in this NAP.						
6	optimize reform of prisons/detentio n centers, including improvements to existing facilities, prison strategies, to create effective conditions, among others,	Integration of the Action Plan for Countering Violent Extremism that Lead to Terrorism in Prisons/Detention Centers (NAP on PCVE in Prisons/Detention Centers) which integrates the prisons/detention centers reform program to support	Action Plan for Countering Violent Extremism that Lead to Terrorism in Prisons/Detention Centers (NAP on PCVE in Prison/Detention Centers) which integrates the prisons/detention centers reform	Implementation of NAP on PCVE in prisons/detention centers in accordance with the principles in this NAP through synergy between prisons/detention centers and between Ministries/Agencie s at the central and regional levels as a	radicalism and Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism in prisons/detention centers through cooperations and synergies of various government agencies in all prisons/detention	X					MoLHR Relevant M/A: BNPT MoSA MoHA Polri AGO



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME			TIM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	Ι	[II]	IV	V	
	Ministries/Agen cies that can support the handling of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism in prisons/detentio n centers in accordance with the principles in this RAN.	Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	the handling of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	strategy for prisons/detention centers to create effective conditions, including management between Ministries/Agencie s	between ministries/agencie s at the central and regional levels, among others, through the creation of early detection in prisons/detention centers, SOP for handling terrorist prisoners, management of information between Ministries/Agencie s.						
VIII		e the de-radicalizatio				r					
1	It is necessary to	Optimize the	1. Preparation of	1. There is a	1. The measurable	Х	X				BNPT



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		Т	'IMI	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	
	framework including indicators of the success of the deradicalization program outside prisons by identifying various forms of conditions	preparation of a framework, including program success indicators based on realistic	of a framework, including success indicators based on realistic ideal conditions referring to national and international standards by	framework including indicators of success based on a map of program needs based on realistic ideal conditions referring to national and international standards by identifying the various forms of conditions defined as deradicalization outside prisons.	deradicalization program outside prisons that aligns works between agencies with the identification of the conditions defined as deradicalization outside prisons.						Relevant M/A: MoSA MoLHR MoHA MoRA MoCSME MoWECP
		-	2. The	2. The availability of	2. The latest best		Х	Х	Х	Х	BNPT



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIM	IE	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						I II II	I IV V	
			implementation	material for	practices success			
			of the use of a	evaluating the	program			Relevant M/A:
			framework,	results of	according to			MoSA
			including	framework	realistic ideal			MoLHR
			success	utilization,	conditions			MoHA
			indicators based	including	referring to			MoRA
			on realistic ideal	indicators of	national and			MoCSME
			conditions	success based on	international			MoWECP
			referring to	realistic ideal	standards by			
			national and	conditions	identifying			
			international	referring to	various forms of			
			standards by	national and	conditions defined			
			identifying	international	as			
			various forms of	standards by	deradicalization			
			conditions	identifying various	outside prisons.			
			defined as	forms of conditions				
			deradicalization	defined as				
			outside prisons.	deradicalization				
				outside prisons.				



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		T	'IM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	Π	III	IV	V	
2	It is necessary to	Optimize the	Provision of a	There is a program of			Х	Х	Х	Х	BNPT
	optimize the	deradicalization	deradicalization	deradicalization of							
	deradicalization	program for Violent	program for Violent	Violent Extremism							Relevant M/A:
	1 0	Extremism that									MoSA
	Violent	Leads to Terrorism	Leads to Terrorism	Terrorism outside							MoLHR
		outside of									MoHA
	Leads to	prisons/detention	prisons/detention	centers by prioritizing							MoRA
		centers by									MoCSME
	outside	prioritizing	prioritizing systemic	mechanisms based on							
		00	0.0	the condition map to							
				separate individuals							
				at risk from recruiters							
	disengagement	identified as violent	the stages of	by allowing various							
	of networks	extremists that	program	forms of half way							
				houses, especially for							
				former terrorist							
		map to separate		prisoners.							
	,	individuals at risk	0								
	and individual	from recruiters by	1. Preparation								



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	`IM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	Π	III	Ι	V	
		paying attention to the needs of women and children, namely through allowing various forms of half way houses, especially for former terrorist prisoners.	stage: a. preparation of a map of the level of radicalism and/or extremism of the target individuals; b. formulation of a deradicalizatio n program for Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism outside			I	II				
			prisons/deten								



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	ſIM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	II	I II	7 V	
			tion centers by								
			prioritizing								
			disengagemen								
			t mechanisms								
			by taking into								
			account the								
			map referred								
			to point a in								
			this action.								
			2. The stage of								
			implementation								
			of the prepared								
			program.								
3	It is necessary to	Optimize the	1. Develop	1. There is a	1. Increased	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	BNPT
	optimize the	capacity of the	competency	competency	knowledge, skills,						
	apparatus	apparatus and/or	standards for	standard for the	ethics, services,						Relevant M/A:
	and/or	implementers of	officials who deal	apparatus that	and work						MoSA
	implementers	deradicalization of	with people	deal with people	mechanisms of						MoLHR
	who have	Violent Extremism	identified as	identified as	the apparatus						MoHA



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		TIM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						I]	II II	I IV	7 V	
	capacities in dealing with the deradicalization of Violent Extremism that	that Leads to Terrorism outside prisons/detention centers in accordance with the principles in this NAP on PCVE	radical and violent extremists that leads to Terrorism in accordance with the principles contained in this NAP on PCVE.	adhering to radicalism and Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	dealing with people identified as radical/violent extremists that leads to Terrorism				r r	MoRA MoCSME MoABR 3PIP
			2. Develop a	2. There is a	2. Increased	ХУ	x x	x	XI	BNPT
			comprehensive	curriculum that	knowledge, skills,					
			curriculum	must be	ethics, services,					Relevant M/A:
			and/or tools for	implemented by	and work				I	MoSA



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	1	MI	E	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						I II	III	ΙΖ	
			apparatus for general and specific pre- service and in- service training categories in accordance with the principles in this NAP on PCVE.	apparatus handling and dealing with people identified as radicals and violent extremists that leads to Terrorism, including the work mechanism for monitoring, evaluating and reporting program implementation	mechanisms of the apparatus dealing with people identified as radical/violent extremists that leads to Terrorism.	I II	III		
				where the trainings are continuously updated through pre-service and in- service training mechanisms.					



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	· ·	ГIМ	E	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
								IV	
			3. General and specific trainings for all officials who deal with people identified as radicals and violent extremists that leads to Terrorism, including the work mechanism for monitoring, evaluating and reporting program implementation where the trainings are	apparatus in accordance with the purpose of the training, especially in carrying out the task of dealing with people identified as radical and violent extremist that leads to Terrorism.	mechanisms of the apparatus dealing with people identified as radical/violent		x	xx	E BNPT Relevant M/A: MoSA MoLHR MoHA MoRA MoCSME



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	`IM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	II	[]V	' V	
			continuously updated through pre-service and in-service training mechanisms in accordance with the principles in this NAP.								
			4. Recruitment of officials tasked with dealing with people identified as adhering to radicalism and Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism in	selection of personnel who possess integrity,			X	X	X	X	BNPT Relevant M/A: MoSA MoLHR MoHA MoRA MoCSME



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	Т	`IME	RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						I II	III IV V	
4	institutional and community	institutional and	accordance with the principles in this NAP. 1. Strengthen institutions and communities through the formulation of	Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism. 1. Strong institutions and communities due to the standard support for deradicalization	leads to Terrorism. 1. Institutional and community support for deradicalization programs at the	X X		BNPT Relevant M/A: MoSA MoLHR
	support deradicalized individuals outside prisons	deradicalized individuals outside prisons.	training and socialization standards that are in accordance with the needs at the village/sub- district (<i>kelurahan</i>) level in accordance with real	programs at the village/subdistrict (<i>kelurahan</i>) level that support deradicalized individuals outside prisons, including the involvement of local government roles based on reporting,	village/sub- district (<i>kelurahan</i>) level that contribute to decreasing radicalism.			MoHA MoRA MoCSME MoVDAT



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	'IM	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	[]]	V V	
			reintegration	evaluation and							
			factors, such as	monitoring							
			ensuring the	mechanisms.							
			process takes								
			place peacefully,								
			and shifting roles								
			of the parties								
			involved.								
			2. Identify needs	2. An environment	3. Community	Х	Х	Х	X	X	BNPT
			according to the	that supports the	support for						
			standard needs	deradicalization	deradicalization						Relevant M/A:
			at the	program at the	programs at the						MoSA
			village/sub-	village/sub-district	village/sub-						MoLHR
			district	(kelurahan) level,	district						MoHA
			(kelurahan) level.	including	(kelurahan) level						MoRA
			Furthermore, the	institutional	and the reduction						MoCSME
			designation of	improvements at	of radicalism and						MoVDAT
			institutions at	the village/sub-	extremism						
			the village/sub-	district (kelurahan)	outside prisons						



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		Т	`IM	[E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	II	I	7 V	
			district (<i>kelurahan</i>) level that support deradicalized individuals outside prisons are based on the results of monitoring and evaluation, including improved effectiveness of the roles of local government.	prisons, including involvement of local government	and detention centers.						



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PILLAR 2 LAW ENFORCEMENT, WITNESS AND VICTIM PROTECTION, AND STRENGTHENING THE NATIONAL LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME	RESPONSIBLE
						I II III IV V	PARTY
	Law Enforcemen	t, Witness and Victin	n Protection, and St	trengthening the Nation	nal Legislative Frame	ework	
Ι	Focus 1: Strengt	hening coordination	in law enforcement	related to Terrorism a	and Terrorism financ	ing in order to s	upport efforts to
		ntering Violent Extre		Terrorism			
1		Implementation of	1. Identify the	1. Effective	1. Coordinated law	X X X X X	BNPT
	coordination has	effective	existing forms	coordination	enforcement to		
	not been optimal		of coordination	arrangements in	support PCVE		Relevant M/A:
	in supporting	between relevant		law enforcement in	efforts.		MoLHR
	-	agencies to identify		support of PCVE			INP
	and counter	various aspects of		efforts.			AGO
	Terrorism	law enforcement in					LPSK
	,	order to optimize the					
	Extremism that	deterrence effect of					
	Leads to	law enforcement to					
	Terrorism.	support PCVE					
		efforts.					



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		ΤI	ME	, ,	RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	II	III	IV	PARTY
			2. Formulation of a mechanism for effective coordination of standard operating procedures in law enforcement to support PCVE efforts.	coordination arrangements in law enforcement in support of PCVE efforts.	2. Coordinated law enforcement to support PCVE efforts.		x			BNPT Relevant M/A: MoLHR INP AGO LPSK
2	The periodic and regular reports, with comprehensive content, which have not been optimally provided to the public	PreparationofperiodicreportsonlawenforcementonTerrorismandTerrorismfunding,funding,tosupportPCVEefforts.	Prepare an annual report on the law enforcement of Terrorism and Terrorism funding, to support PE efforts.	The implementation of coordinated preparation of the annual report on the law enforcement of Terrorism and Terrorism funding, to support PCVE efforts.		X	X	X	X	K BNPT Relevant M/A: MoLHR INP AGO LPSK



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	MI	E		RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	PARTY
	regarding the handling of Terrorism cases and funding in order to support PCVE efforts.										
3	The unavailability of a complaint unit that specifically deals with alleged violations in law enforcement on Terrorism and Terrorism financing to	The need for a special complaint unit in each agency to receive reports of alleged violations in law enforcement on Terrorism and Terrorism financing, to support PCVE efforts.	-	The establishment of a special complaint unit in each agency to receive reports of alleged violations in law enforcement on Terrorism and Terrorism financing, to support PCVE efforts.	The opening of a special complaint unit in each agency to receive reports of alleged violations in law enforcement on Terrorism and Terrorism financing, to support PCVE efforts		X	x	x	x	BNPT Relevant M/A: MoLHR INP AGO National Police Commission (Kompolnas) Prosecutor's Commission (Komisi Kejaksaan) Ombudsman RI



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		Т	IMI	E		RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	PARTY
4	between relevant agencies has not been optimal in terms of law enforcement on	effectiveness of information exchange on law enforcement on Terrorism and	1. Formulation or improvement of information exchange mechanism policies related to law enforcement on	1. Policies for information exchange related to law enforcement on Terrorism and Terrorism financing in each agency.	1. Availability of information exchange mechanism policies related to law enforcement on Terrorism and Terrorism						BNPT and PPATK Relevant M/A: MoF INP BIN AGO
	financing, to	between relevant agencies, to support PCVE efforts	Terrorism and Terrorism financing in each agency.		financing in each agency.						
			2. Increased number of submissions of information related to law enforcement on Terrorism financing in	2. Submission of information related to law enforcement on Terrorism financing to each agency, either on the basis of	2. Increased number of information submission related to law enforcement on Terrorism financing to each agency, either on		X	X	X	X	PPATK Relevant M/A: MoF BNPT INP BIN AGO



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	1	MI	E		RESPONSIBLE
					I	II	III	IV	V	PARTY
			each agency, either on the basis of request or the initiative of each agency, to support PCVE efforts	request or the initiative of each agency, to support PCVE efforts.	the basis of request or on the initiative of each agency, to support PCVE efforts.					
			3. Preparation or refinement of policies on the identification of Terrorism financing originating from Terrorism in each agency, to support PCVE efforts.	3. The formulation of policies on the identification of Terrorism financing originating from Terrorism in each agency, to support PE efforts.	Availability of X policies on the identification of Terrorism financing originating from terrorism in each agency, to support PCVE efforts.					PPATK Relevant M/A: MoF BNPT INP BIN AGO
			4. Increasing the number of	4. Handling and countermeasures	4. Increased number of handling and	X	X	X	X	PPATK



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		Т	IMI	£	RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	II	III	IV V	- PARTY
			handling and	the financing of	countermeasures					Relevant M/A:
			countermeasure	Terrorism by	for Terrorism					MoF
			s for Terrorism	taking into	financing by					BNPT
			financing by	account the risk	taking into					INP
			taking into	assessment of	account the risk					BIN
			account the risk	Terrorism	assessment of					AGO
			assessment of	financing in law	Terrorism					
			Terrorism	enforcement	financing in law					
			financing in law	agencies, to	enforcement					
			enforcement	support PCVE	agencies, to					
			agencies, to	efforts	support PCVE					
			support PCVE		efforts.					
			efforts.							
II			-	nt on Terrorism and Te	rrorism Financing in	ord	ler	to s	suppo	rt efforts to prevent
	and Counter Viol	ent Extremism that	Leads to Terrorism							
1	The	Provision of an	Preparation of an	The implementation	Availability of an			Х		BNPT
	unavailability of	0	integrated	of preparation	integrated					
	8	guidebook on law	guidebook on law	process of integrated	guidebook on law					Relevant M/A:
	guidelines on	enforcement	enforcement	guidebook on law	enforcement to					MoLHR
	law enforcement	against Terrorism	against Terrorism	enforcement to	eradicate Terrorism					INP



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	`IM	E		RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	Π	III	IV	V	PARTY
	Terrorism	and Terrorism financing to support PCVE efforts.	and Terrorism financing to support PCVE efforts.	eradicate Terrorism and Terrorism financing to support PCVE efforts.	and Terrorism financing to support PCVE efforts.						AGO
2	The need for continuing legal education for law enforcement officials for the eradication of Terrorism and Terrorist financing, to		1. Organize law enforcement training on the eradication of Terrorism and Terrorism financing, to support PCVE efforts.	1. Implementation of law enforcement training on the eradication of Terrorism and Terrorism financing, to support PCVE efforts	1. Increased capacity of law enforcers in law enforcement on the eradication of Terrorism and Terrorism financing, to support PCVE efforts.	x	x	x	x	x	BNPT Relevant M/A: MoLHR INP AGO LPSK PPATK
			2. Involve law	2. Involvement of law	2. Increased number	X	х	х	X	X	BNPT
			enforcers in education	enforcers in education related	of law enforcers involved in						Relevant M/A:



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	MI	E		RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	Π	III	Ι	V	PARTY
			related to	to improving skills	education related						MoLHR
			improving skills	in law enforcement	to improving skills						INP
			in law	on Terrorism and	in law						AGO
			enforcement on	Terrorism	enforcement on						LPSK
			Terrorism and	financing at	Terrorism and						PPATK
			Terrorism	domestic	Terrorism						
			financing at	universities, to	financing at						
			domestic	support PCVE	domestic						
			universities, to	efforts.	universities, to						
			support PCVE		support PCVE						
			efforts.		efforts.						
			3. Send law	3. Involvement of law	3. Increased	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	BNPT
			enforcement	enforcement	numbers of law						
			officers to attend	officers in	enforcement						Relevant M/A:
			education	education abroad	officers attending						MoLHR
			abroad to	to improve skills in	education abroad						Polri
			improve skills in	law enforcement	to improve skills						AGO
			law enforcement	on Terrorism and	in law						LPSK
			on Terrorism	Terrorism	enforcement on						PPATK
			and Terrorism	financing, to	Terrorism and						



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME			ГIМ	E		RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	PARTY
			financing, to	support PCVE	Terrorism						
			support PCVE	efforts.	financing, to						
			efforts.		support PCVE						
					efforts.						
III	Focus 3: Protect	ion of witnesses and	victims of Violent E	xtremism that Leads (to Terrorism						
1	The reporting of	Increase	1. Optimize the	1. The establishment	1. The utilization of	Х	Х				LPSK
	witnesses,	prevention efforts	reporting	of a platform for	platform for						
	victims and	in the campus	platforms for	reporting acts of	reporting acts of						Relevant M/A:
	informants for	environment in	witnesses,	Violent Extremism	Violent Extremism						BNPT
	alleged acts of	vulnerable areas,	victims and	that Leads to	that Leads to						MoEC
	Violent	through the use	informants that	Terrorism that	Terrorism that						MoRA
	Extremism that	of the reporting	are already	occurs on campus,	occurs on						
	Leads to	platform for	available on	which is integrated	campus, which is						
	Terrorism has	witnesses,	several	with the protection	integrated with						
		victims and	campuses, as	mechanism for	the protection						
	optimal,	informants of	reporting	witnesses, victims	mechanism for						
	especially those		platforms for	and informants.	witnesses, victims						
		Extremism that	witnesses,		and informants						
	-	Leads to	victims and								
	vulnerable	Terrorism.	informants of								



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	MI	E		RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	II	II	[IV	V V	PARTY
	areas, because		Violent								
	they have not		Extremism that								
	been connected		Leads to								
	to the protection		Terrorism.								
	mechanism for										
	witnesses,										
	victims and										
	informants.										
			2. Development of	2. The establishment	2. The utilization of	Х	Х	X	X	X	LPSK
			a platform for	of the platform for	platform for						
			reporting acts of	reporting acts of	reporting acts of						Relevant M/A:
			Violent	Violent Extremism	Violent Extremism						BNPT
			Extremism that	that Leads to	that Leads to						MoEC
			Leads to	Terrorism on	Terrorism on						MoRA
			Terrorism on	campus in	campus in						MoABR
			campus in	vulnerable areas,	vulnerable areas,						
			vulnerable	which is integrated	which is						
			areas, which is	with protection	integrated with						
			integrated with	mechanisms for	protection						
			protection	witnesses, victims	mechanisms for						



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		Т	IM	E	RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	II	III	IV	V PARTY
			mechanisms for	and informants.	witnesses, victims					
			witnesses,		and informants.					
			victims and							
			informants.							
			3. Compile a	3. Compilation of	3. Availability of a			Х		LPSK
			database of	database of	database of					
			witnesses,	witnesses, victims,	witnesses,					Relevant M/A:
			victims, and	and informants	victims, and					BNPT
			informants who	who report acts of	informants who					
			report acts of	Violent Extremism	report acts of					
			Violent	that Leads to	Violent Extremism					
			Extremism that	Terrorism	that Leads to					
			Leads to	occurring in	Terrorism					
			Terrorism	campus.	occurring in					
			occurring in		campus.					
			campus.							
			4. Utilization of a	4. The database of	4. PCVE and law			Х	X	X LPSK
			database of	witnesses, victims,	enforcement					
			witnesses,	and informants of	efforts are optimal					Relevant M/A:
			victims, and	allegations of	due to the					BNPT



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		Т	IM	E		RESPONSIBLE
						I	II	III	IV	V	PARTY
			informants of allegations of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism occurred on campus, as part of PCVE and law enforcement efforts.	Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism occurred on campus has been used as part of PCVE and law enforcement efforts.	utilization of the database of witnesses, victims, and informants of allegations of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism occurred on campus.						
2	The unavailability of adequate funding sources to support the fulfillment of the compensation rights of victims	Terrorism to support PCVE efforts.	Study on victim trust fund schemes for victims of Terrorism to support PCVE efforts.	The study on victim trust fund schemes for victims of Terrorism has been conducted to support PCVE efforts.	The availability of the results of the study on the victim trust fund scheme for victims of Terrorism to support PCVE efforts.	X					LPSK Relevant M/A: BNPT MoLHR MoSA



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	MI	E		RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	PARTY
	of Terrorism, to support PCVE efforts.										
3	between victims and perpetrators has not been optimal, to	reconciliation schemes between	Study on the development of reconciliation schemes between victims and perpetrators to support PCVE efforts.	The study on the development of reconciliation schemes between victims and perpetrators has been conducted, to support PCVE efforts.	The availability of the results of the study on the development of reconciliation schemes between victims and perpetrators has been conducted, to support PCVE efforts.		X				BNPT Relevant M/A: MoLHR MoSA LPSK
4	specific policy	Formulation of policies that will	The process of formulation of	The implementation of the policy	The adoption of a policy regarding			x			BNPT
	0 0	guide the	policies related to	formation process,	reconciliation						Relevant M/A:
		implementation	the reconciliation	from design to	between victims						MoLHR
		of reconciliation	of victims and	adoption.	and perpetrators of						MoSA
	and perpetrators	between victims	perpetrators of		Terrorism, as part						LPSK



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		ΤI	ME	, ,	RESPONSIBLE
						ΙΙ	I	III	IV V	PARTY
	of Terrorism as	and perpetrators	Terrorism, as part		of the PCVE efforts.					
	-	of Terrorism, as	of the PCVE efforts.							
	efforts.	part of the PCVE								
		efforts.								
IV	•	ent of the national le	gal framework with	the international legal	framework in counte	ring	Vic	olei	nt Ext	remism that Leads
	to Terrorism		•							
1	There are still	Encourage	1. Study on the	1.A study on the	1. The availability of	X				MoFA
	limited	Indonesia's	effectiveness	effectiveness and	the results of the					
	international	participation in	and opportunity	opportunity of	study.					Relevant M/A:
	treaties ratified	various	of Indonesia's	international						BNPT
	by Indonesia	international	participation in	agreements related						MoLHR
	related to	agreements related	a number of	to PCVE has been						
	-	to the prevention	international	conducted.						
		and counter of	agreements							
	reference	Violent Extremism	related to PCVE.							
	instruments for									
	the prevention	Terrorism, taking								
		into account the								
	Violent	mechanisms								
	Extremism that	regulated by								



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	MI	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	ΙΙ	III	IV	V	
	Leads to	Indonesian laws									
	Terrorism.	and regulations, in									
		drafting									
		regulations and									
		ratifying									
		international law.									
			2. Study of	2.A study of	2. The availability of	Х					MoFA
			international	international	the results of the						
			agreements	agreements related	study.						Relevant M/A:
			related to civil	to civil aviation has							BNPT
			aviation.	been conducted.							MoLHR
			3. Study of	3.A study of	3. The availability of		Х				MoFA
			international	international	the results of the						
			agreements	agreements related	study.						Relevant M/A:
			related to the	to the protection of							BNPT
			protection of	international staff							MoLHR
			international	has been							
			staff.	conducted.							
			4. Study of	4.A study of	4. The availability of		Х				MoFA
			international	international	the results of the						



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	ГІМ	E		RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	II	III	[]V	V	PARTY
			agreements related to taking of hostages.	agreements related to taking of hostages has been conducted.	study.						Relevant M/A: BNPT MoLHR
			5. Study of international agreement related to the eradication illegal acts on maritime navigation safety.		5. The availability of the results of the study.		x				MoFA Relevant M/A: BNPT MoLHR
			6. Study of international agreement related to plastic explosive material.	6. A study of international agreement related to plastic explosive material has been conducted.	6. The availability of the results of the study.		X				MoFA Relevant M/A: BNPT MoLHR
2	The ineffective	Increase the	1. Establish a	1.A preparation	Academic papers					X	MoFA



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	ΓIM	E		RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	II	II	IIV	v v	PARTY
	preparation for	effectiveness of	preparation	mechanism for the	and relevant						
	the ratification of	the preparation	mechanism for	ratification of	international						Relevant M/A:
	international	for the	the ratification	relevant	instrument bills that						BNPT
	instruments	ratification of	of relevant	international	will be ratified has						MoLHR
	related to the	international	international	instruments has	been prepared,						
	prevention and	instruments	instruments.	been established.	including:						
	counter of	related to the			1. International						
	Violent	prevention and			Convention on						
	Extremism that	counter of Violent			the Eradication of						
	Leads to	Extremism that			Crimes Related to						
	Terrorism, both	Leads to			International						
	due to internal	Terrorism, by			Civil Aviation and						
	and external	taking into			its entire						
	factors.	account the			Amendment						
		mechanisms			Protocol;						
		regulated in			2. International						
		Indonesian laws			Convention on						
		and regulations,			the Prevention						
		related to drafting			and Punishment						
		regulations and			of Crimes against						



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		Т	`IM	E		RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	II	III	[]]	VV	PARTY
		ratification of			Internationally						
		international law.			Protected						
					Persons,						
					including						
					Diplomatic						
					Agents;						
					3. International						
					Convention						
					Against the						
					Taking of						
					Hostages;						
					4. International						
					Convention on						
					the Eradication of						
					the Crime of						
					Shipping						
					Security; and						
					5. International						
					Convention on						
					Plastic Explosives						



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		T	IME	C		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	PARII
					materials						
V	Focus 5: Prepara	tion of regulations, l	harmonization of des	signs, and evaluation o	of laws and regulation	s to	su	ppo	ort e	effo	orts to prevent and
	counter Violent	Extremism that Lead	ls to Terrorism								
1	There are still	Alignment of laws	1. Inventory and	1. Laws and	1. The availability of	X	X	X	X	Х	MoLHR
	overlapping laws	and regulations	analyze laws	regulations	analysis of laws						
	and regulations,	by taking into	and	related to efforts	and regulations						Relevant M/A:
	which results in	account the	regulations	to prevent and	related to efforts						BNPT
	the ineffective	existing	related to	counter Violent	to prevent and						
	countermeasure	mechanisms in	efforts to	Extremism that	counter Violent						
	s for Violent	laws and	prevent and	Leads to	Extremism that						
	Extremism that	regulations,	counter Violent	Terrorism have	Leads to						
	Leads to	especially in the	Extremism	been inventoried	Terrorism.						
	Terrorism.	formulation of	that Leads to	and analyzed.							
		regulations and	Terrorism.								
		the ratification of									
		international law,									
		related to efforts									
		to prevent and									
		counter Violent									
		Extremism that									



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	`IM	E		RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	PARTY
		Leads to Terrorism.									
			2. Evaluate and study of laws and regulations related to efforts to prevent and counter Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	2. Compilation of the results of studies and research on laws and regulations related to efforts to prevent and counter Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	2. Availability of the results of studies and research on laws and regulations related to efforts to prevent and counter Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.			x	x		MoLHR Relevant M/A: BNPT
			3. Prepare and propose revisions of laws and regulations related to efforts to prevent and counter Violent	related to efforts	3. Availability of revisions of laws and regulations related to efforts to prevent and counter Violent Extremism that					X	MoLHR Relevant M/A: BNPT



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIMI	£	RESPONSIBLE
						I II III	IV V	PARTY
2	of laws and regulations	Draft a Bill on the Ownership of Firearms and	Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, in the context of harmonization. Formulation of a Bill on the Ownership of	Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, in the context of harmonization. Preparation of academic papers and the Bill on the	Leads to Terrorism, in the context of harmonization. Availability of the academic papers and the Bill.	I II III		TNI and INP Relevant M/A:
	regarding the possession of firearms and explosives, which results in ineffective control and control over the use of firearms and explosives.	Explosives.	Firearms and Explosives.	Ownership of Firearms and Explosives.				MoLHR MoF BNPT



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PILLAR 3 INTERNATIONAL PARTNERSHIPS AND COOPERATION

NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME	RESPONSIBLE
						I II III IV V	PARTY
	International Par	rtnerships and Coope	eration				
Ι	Focus 1: Increase	the capacity of part	nerships of stakehol	ders in countering Viol	ent Extremism that l	Leads to Terroris	m and its funding
1	Partnership platforms between ministries/agen cies and between ministries/agen cies and civil society have not been formed optimally in reducing the number of cases of Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism, as		 Map programs to counter Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism. 		1. The synergy between central and regional		BNPT



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		1	ГIМ	E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	FARII
	well as funding										
	in society										
	*		2. Set up a	2. The availability of	2. The SOP is		Х	Х			BNPT
			cooperation	SOPs for	implemented						
			platform related	cooperation	by ministries						
			to the	-	and agencies.						
			publication and	ministries and	3. Increased						
			access of		stakeholder						
			programs.	the publication	participation in						
			1 0	and access of	program						
				programs to	management.						
				counter Violent	8						
				Extremism that							
				Leads to							
				Terrorism.							
		2. List and	Listing and		The directory is	x	x	x	x	x	BNPT
		document	documenting	stakeholders in the	•						
		stakeholders in	8	community.	in developing						
		the community			partnerships						
		who are engaged	-		between						



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		TIME				RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	PARTY
		in or have	in or have		stakeholders.						
		programs that	programs that are								
		are relevant and	relevant and								
		related to	related to								
		countering	countering Violent								
		Violent	Extremism that								
		Extremism that	Leads to								
		Leads to	Terrorism.								
		Terrorism.									
		3. Provide a	1. Establish a	1. A policy on	1. The target of	X	X	X	X	Х	BNPT
		partnership	partnership	partnerships	government						
		platform between	platform between	between	partnership						Relevant M/A:
		the government	the government	government and	programs with						PPATK
		and community	and community	community	community						
		stakeholders.	stakeholders.	stakeholders.	stakeholders is						
					getting more						
					detailed						
			2. Prepare periodic	2. Periodic publication	2. Increased		X	X	Х	Х	BNPT
			publications on	material regarding	participation of						
			opportunities	opportunities for	community						Relevant M/A:



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME			C		RESPONSIBLE
						I	Π	III	IV	V	PARTY
			for cooperation	cooperation in	stakeholders in						PPATK
			in the	management of	managing						
			management of	PCVE programs of	programs to						
			PCVE programs	ministries and	counter Violent						
			of ministries	agencies.	Extremism that						
			and agencies.		Leads to						
					Terrorism.						
			3. Regular	3. Annual meeting		2	X I	X	Х	Х	BNPT
			meetings	forum between the	understanding						
			between the	government and	and partnership						Relevant M/A:
			government and	community	synergy between						PPATK
			community	stakeholders	the government						
			stakeholders.		and community						
		-			stakeholders.						
2	The funding	Develop	1. Identify relevant	5	Utilization of	2	X	X	Х	Х	BNPT
	arrangement	mechanisms	international		directories in						
	mechanism has	(coordination	funding sources	8	regulating and						Relevant M/A:
	not been optimal	between		1 0	synergizing funding						Bappenas
	for allocations	stakeholders) and			for programs to						MoFA
	from	funding information		Violent Extremism	counter Violent						



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	TIME			E		RESPONSIBLE
						Ι	II	II	[]]	V	PARTY
	international	from international		that Leads to	Extremism that						
	donor agencies	donor agencies		Terrorism	Leads to Terrorism.						
	related to	related to									
	countermeasure	countermeasures									
	s for Violent	for Violent									
	Extremism that	Extremism that									
	Leads to	Leads to Terrorism.									
	Terrorism.										
			2. Develop a								BNPT
			mechanism								
			instrument of								Relevant M/A:
			international								PPATK
			funding related								
			to Countering								
			Violent								
			Extremism that								
			Leads to								
			Terrorism (see								
			the system on								
			Bappenas).						1		



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		,	FIN	IE			RESPONSIBLE
								II			V	PARTY
3	The regulatory	Improve the	1. Identification of	1. Directory of	1. Utilization of	X	Х	Х	X	C]	X	BNPT
	mechanism for	regulatory	the technical	international	directory on							
	technical (non-	mechanism for	(non-financial)	technical support	arrangement						•	Relevant M/A:
	financial)	technical (non-	assistance from	agencies who have	and synergy of						•	Bappenas
	assistance is not	financial)	international	a program on	technical (non-							
	yet optimal in	assistance related	organizations	countering Violent	financial)							
	countering	to counter Violent	related to	Extremism that	assistance							
	Violent	Extremism that	counter Violent	Leads to	program on							
	Extremism that	Leads to Terrorism.	Extremism that	Terrorism	countering							
	Leads to		Leads to		Violent							
	Terrorism.		Terrorism.		Extremism that							
					Leads to							
					Terrorism							
			2. Develop list of	2. Developed list of	2. Directory of the							BNPT
			technical (non-	technical (non-	technical (non-							
			financial)	financial)	financial)							Relevant M/A:
			assistance from	assistance	assistance							Bappenas
			international									
			organizations									
			related to									



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	STRATEGY PCVE ACTION		OUTCOME	TIME			E		RESPONSIBLE PARTY
						Ι	II	II	I IV	V	PARTI
			counter Violent								
			Extremism that								
			Leads to								
			Terrorism.								
II	Focus 2: Increase	e international coop	eration on internati	onal legal instrument	s on law enforcemen	t to	o co	oun	ter	Te	rrorism and Violent
	Extremism that l	Leads to Terrorism		_							
1	International	Strengthen	1. Formulation of	The establishment of	Effective	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	MoFA
	cooperation in	cooperation and	mechanisms	a work unit team and	cooperation in						
	countering	coordination	and	database for the form	enhancing and						Relevant M/A:
	Violent	among law	coordination in	of cooperation	strengthening the						BNPT
	Extremism that	enforcement	countering	through effective	law of legal						MoLHR
	Leads to	officials in carrying	Violent	information and	cooperation,						
	Terrorism has	out formal and	Extremism that	coordination	especially						
	not been	informal	Leads to	mechanisms in	international						
	optimal.	international	Terrorism.	enhancing and	cooperation,						
		cooperation in		strengthening legal	especially in						
		countering Violent		cooperation,	responding to the						
		Extremism that		especially	needs of this NAP.						
		Leads to Terrorism.		international							
				cooperation,							



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		TII	ſΕ		RESPONSIBLE
						I	II	I I	V V	PARTY
			2. Identification of	especially in responding to the needs of this NAP		x	x x		x	MoFA
			stakeholders and international legal instruments related to Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.							Relevant M/A: BNPT MoLHR
			3. Establishment of a work unit			2				MoFA Relevant M/A: BNPT MoLHR
			4. Establishment			2	K X	X	Х	MoFA



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NO	PROBLEM	STRATEGY	PCVE ACTION	OUTPUT	OUTCOME		TIME				RESPONSIBLE	
						Ι	II	III	IV	V	PARTY	
			of a data center.								Relevant M/A: BNPT MoLHR	
2	International cooperation in the context of bilateral, regional and multilateral in countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism has not been optimal.	Increase international cooperation in the context of bilateral, regional and multilateral in countering Violent Extremism that Leads to Terrorism.	Indonesia's leadership at the bilateral, regional and multilateral	related to Violent Extremism that Leads	leadership in countering Violent Extremism that	X	x	x	x	X	MoFA Relevant M/A: BNPT MoLHR	



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JOKO WIDODO

sign and stamp

Lydia Silvanna Djaman